VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village Board Village of Luck Luck, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Luck, Wisconsin (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities and Proprietary Funds

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and proprietary funds of the Village of Luck as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, the cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Each Major Governmental Fund and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Luck, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Luck and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our gualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Proprietary Funds

The Village has not adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Village's financial statements include amounts and disclosures related to participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The amount by which the departure would affect the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, net position, and expenses has not been determined.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.D.16 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2022, the Village adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Luck's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Luck's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Luck's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2022 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, and certain additional procedures, including

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, except for the effects on the individual fund financial statements and schedules presented for the Water Utility Enterprise Fund and the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund of the qualified opinion on the Proprietary Funds as explained in the Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Proprietary Funds section of our report, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2022.

We have also previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining fund information and qualified opinions on the Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Proprietary Funds. The individual fund statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The individual fund statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, except for the effects on the individual fund financial statements and schedules presented for the Water Utility Enterprise Fund and the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund of the qualified opinions described above, the individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Eau Claire, Wisconsin August 23, 2023

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

		vernmental Activities		iness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	767,058	\$	673,553	\$	1,440,611
Taxes Receivable	,	662,614	•	1,460	•	664,074
Accounts Receivable		6,611		127,185		133,796
Internal Balances		91,021		(91,021)		, <u>-</u>
Prepayments		17,791		-		17,791
Inventories		, -		14,117		14,117
Long-Term Receivables		370,159		, -		370,159
Lease Receivable		90,949		-		90,949
Restricted Assets						
Cash and Investments		-		266,272		266,272
Capital Assets						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		478,122		496,911		975,033
Capital Assets Being Depreciated		4,879,527		10,861,735		15,741,262
Accumulated Depreciation		(1,427,666)		(3,855,729)		(5,283,395)
Total Assets		5,936,186		8,494,483		14,430,669
LIABILITIES						
Vouchers and Accounts Payable		18,001		15,894		33,895
Accrued Interest Payable		4,809		11,460		16,269
Due to Other Governments		2,769		-		2,769
Unearned Revenues		5,800		62,481		68,281
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Due Within One Year		187,361		84,032		271,393
Due in More than One Year		1,124,571		2,080,468		3,205,039
Total Liabilities		1,343,311		2,254,335		3,597,646
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		704.000				704.000
Succeeding Year's Property Taxes		761,028		-		761,028
Deferred Amount Related to Leases		88,994				88,994
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		850,022		-		850,022
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for		2,997,434		5,363,266		8,360,700
Plant Replacement		-		266,272		266,272
Housing Loan Program		359,815		-		359,815
Tax Incremental District		285,708		-		285,708
Debt Service		58,559		-		58,559
Unrestricted		41,337		610,610		651,947
Total Net Position	\$	3,742,853	\$	6,240,148	\$	9,983,001

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	•	Net (Expense) F	Revenue and Change	in Net Position
		Charges For	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General Government	\$ 164,853	\$ 7,772	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (157,081)	\$ -	\$ (157,081)
Public Safety	399,879	33,351	4,482	-	(362,046)	-	(362,046)
Transportation	376,360	-	164,867	-	(211,493)	-	(211,493)
Sanitation	5,870	1,314	-	-	(4,556)	-	(4,556)
Health and Human Services	1,088	-	-	-	(1,088)	-	(1,088)
Culture, Recreation, and Education	162,231	10,308	72,611	-	(79,312)	-	(79,312)
Conservation and Development	29,017	-	-	-	(29,017)	-	(29,017)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	43,335				(43,335)		(43,335)
Total Governmental Activities	1,182,633	52,745	241,960	_	(887,928)	_	(887,928)
	1,102,000	02,140	241,000		(007,020)		(007,020)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water	224,499	199,250	_	5,000	_	(20,249)	(20,249)
Sewer	453,394	345,074	_	0,000	_	(108,320)	(108,320)
Golf	859,336		_	35,423	_	25,945	25,945
Total Business-Type		010,000		00,120		20,010	20,010
Activities	1,537,229	1,394,182		40,423		(102,624)	(102,624)
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,719,862	\$ 1,446,927	\$ 241,960	\$ 40,423	(887,928)	(102,624)	(990,552)
	General Revenues	S:					
	Taxes	and the Commen	al Dumana		504.070		FC4 070
		es, Levied for Genera			564,272	-	564,272
		es, Levied for Debt P			29,819	-	29,819
	Other Taxes	es, Levied for TIF Dis	SUICIS		134,554 35,408	-	134,554 35,408
		ida not Dootriotad to	Cassifia Functions			-	
		ids not Restricted to estment Earnings	Specific Functions		175,300	6,705	175,300
		0			10,409	7,073	17,114 7,073
	Gain on Sale of Miscellaneous	Equipment			52,018	3,895	55,913
	Transfers				(33,655)	33,655	55,915
		General Revenues ar	d Transfers		968,125	51,328	1,019,453
			iu Halisiels				
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			80,197	(51,296)	28,901
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			3,662,656	6,291,444	9,954,100
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 3,742,853	\$ 6,240,148	\$ 9,983,001

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	 CDBG Revolving Loan Fund	Machinery Outlay Fund	 Library Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS								
Treasurer's Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Prepayments Long-Term Receivable -	\$ 114,355 378,172 5,853 17,791	\$ 63,369 29,819 - -	\$ 109,714 - - -	\$ 55,498 25,000 - -	\$ 114,021 52,573 758	\$	310,101 177,050 -	\$ 767,058 662,614 6,611 17,791
Northland Ambulance Lease Receivable Due from Other Funds Advances to Other Funds Long-Term Loans Receivable	 117,259 90,949 2,820 91,000	- - - -	- - - 252,900	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	 117,259 90,949 2,820 91,000 252,900
Total Assets	\$ 818,199	\$ 93,188	\$ 362,614	\$ 80,498	\$ 167,352	\$	487,151	\$ 2,009,002
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Unearned Revenues Due to Other Funds	\$ 17,350 2,769 5,800	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,799	\$ - - -	\$ 651 - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 18,001 2,769 5,800 2,799
Total Liabilities	25,919	-	2,799	-	651		-	29,369
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Succeeding Year's Property Taxes Deferred Amount Related to Leases Unavailable Revenue - Other	476,586 88,994 -	29,819 - -	- - 252,900	25,000 - -	52,573 - -		177,050 - -	761,028 88,994 252,900
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	565,580	29,819	252,900	25,000	52,573		177,050	1,102,922
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	226,050 - - 650	63,369 - -	- 106,915 - -	- - - 55,498	- - 114,128 -		285,708 4,733 19,660	226,050 455,992 118,861 75,808
Total Fund Balances	226,700	63,369	106,915	55,498	 114,128		310,101	876,711
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 818,199	\$ 93,188	\$ 362,614	\$ 80,498	\$ 167,352	\$	487,151	\$ 2,009,002

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 876,711
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land Buildings Equipment and Vehicles Infrastructure Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 478,122 1,490,001 671,035 2,718,491 (1,427,666)	3,929,983
Some receivables, including special assessments, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		252,900
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Notes Payable Accrued Interest on Notes Payable Vacation and Sick Leave Liability Unfunded WRS Liability	1,231,794 4,809 68,943 11,195	(1,316,741)

\$ 3,742,853

TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	CDBG Revolving Loan Fund	Machinery Outlay Fund	Library Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES							
Taxes \$	496,160	\$ 29,819	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 66,520	\$ 146,554	\$ 764,053
Intergovernmental	344,301	-	-	-	72,611	348	417,260
Licenses and Permits	26,979	-	-	-	-	-	26,979
Fines and Forfeits	1,966	-	-	-	-	-	1,966
Public Charges for Services	2,150	-	_	-	-	_	2,150
Intergovernmental Charges for							
Services	21,650	_	_	_	_	_	21,650
Miscellaneous	21,000						21,000
Interest	8,264	_	12	165	1,596	372	10,409
Rent	6,802	_	12	103	1,590	372	6,802
Donations	500	-	-	-	600	-	
	500	-	-	-	600	-	1,100
Loan Repayments	-	-	981	-	-	5	981
Sale of Village Property	-	-	-	-	-	5,710	5,710
Other	37,308			-		1,098	38,406
Total Revenues	946,080	29,819	993	25,165	141,327	154,082	1,297,466
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	151,362	-	-	-	-	-	151,362
Public Safety	387,849	-	_	-	-	40,392	428,241
Transportation	457,827	_	_	45,000	_	_	502,827
Sanitation	5,870	_	_	-	_	_	5,870
Health and Human Services	-,	_	_	_	_	1,088	1.088
Culture, Recreation, and Education	8,108	_	_	_	129,495	.,000	137,603
Conservation and Development	15,085	_	12,983	_	120, 100	13,932	42,000
Debt Service	15,005	_	12,903	_	_	10,902	42,000
Principal Retirement	_	80,047	_	_	_	_	80,047
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	43,740	_	_	_	_	43,740
Total Expenditures	1,026,101	123,787	12.983	45.000	129.495	55.412	1,392,778
Total Expericitures	1,020,101	123,767	12,963	45,000	129,495	35,412	1,392,776
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(80,021)	(93,968)	(11,990)	(19,835)	11,832	98,670	(95,312)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	25,508	93,968	_	-	_	_	119,476
Transfers Out	(81,226)	_	_	_	_	(71,905)	(153,131)
Total Other Financing	\					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Sources (Uses)	(55,718)	93,968				(71,905)	(33,655)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(135,739)	-	(11,990)	(19,835)	11,832	26,765	(128,967)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	362,439	63,369	118,905	75,333	102,296	283,336	1,005,678
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR \$	226,700	\$ 63,369	\$ 106,915	\$ 55,498	\$ 114,128	\$ 310,101	\$ 876,711

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (128,967)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:	
Capital Outlays Reported in Governmental Fund Statements \$ 279,955 Depreciation Expense Reported in the Statement of Activities \$ (164,218)	115,737
Receivables not currently available are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.	12,002
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:	
Note Principal Retirement	80,047
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Net Change in Accrued Interest Payable 405	
Net Change in Vacation and Sick Leave Liability(3,333)Net Change in Pension Related Debt4,306	 1,378
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 80,197

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer		Golf				
400570		Utility		Utility		Course		Totals		
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	119,601	\$	343,550	\$	210,402	\$	673,553		
Customer Accounts Receivable		44,078		79,416		-		123,494		
Accounts Receivable on Tax Roll		1,460		-		-		1,460		
Other Accounts Receivable		0.400		600		3,091		3,691		
Inventories Total Current Assets		8,122 173,261		3,488 427,054		2,507 216,000		14,117 816,315		
Total Gullent Assets		173,201		427,004		210,000		010,010		
RESTRICTED ASSETS										
Cash and Investments										
Replacement Fund Cash and										
Investments		-		266,272		-		266,272		
CAPITAL ASSETS										
Utility Plant in Service		1,924,689		6,826,036		2,607,921		11,358,646		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		747,261		2,002,771		1,105,697		3,855,729		
Total Capital Assets		1,177,428		4,823,265		1,502,224		7,502,917		
Total Assets	\$	1,350,689	\$	5,516,591	\$	1,718,224	\$	8,585,504		
LIABILITIES										
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	1,492	\$	2,725	\$	11,677	\$	15,894		
Accrued Interest Payable		1,878		8,606		976		11,460		
Unearned Revenues		-		-		62,481		62,481		
Due to Other Funds		453		453		21 821		21 1,727		
Accrued Employee Benefits Current Portion of Long-Term Debt:		455		455		021		1,727		
Right-To-Use Lease Equipment		_		_		30,495		30,495		
General Obligation Notes Payable		8,014				,		8,014		
Mortgage Revenue Bonds		10,896		32,900				43,796		
Total Current Liabilities		22,733		44,684		106,471		173,888		
LONG TERM LIABIN ITIES (MET OF										
LONG-TERM LIABIILITIES (NET OF CURRENT PORTION)										
Advance from General Fund		_		_		91,000		91,000		
Right-To-Use Lease Equipment		_		_		74,513		74,513		
General Obligation Notes Payable		74,208		_		· -		74,208		
Mortgage Revenue Note		116,125		1,792,500		-		1,908,625		
Accrued Employee Benefits		6,065		6,065		10,992		23,122		
Total Long-Term Liabilities		196,398		1,798,565		176,505		2,171,468		
Total Liabilities		219,131		1,843,249		282,976		2,345,356		
Total Liabilities		213,131		1,040,240		202,570		2,040,000		
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		968,185		2,997,865		1,397,216		5,363,266		
Restricted for Asset Replacement		-		266,272		-		266,272		
Unrestricted		163,373		409,205		38,032		610,610		
Total Net Position		1,131,558		3,673,342		1,435,248		6,240,148		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,350,689	\$	5,516,591	\$	1,718,224	\$	8,585,504		

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water		Sewer		Golf		
		Utility		Utility		Course		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	184,160	\$	340,535	\$	849,858	\$	1,374,553
Other Operating Revenues		15,090		4,539				19,629
Total Operating Revenues		199,250		345,074		849,858		1,394,182
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Cost of Goods Sold		-		-		145,431		145,431
Operation and Maintenance		174,045		205,943		606,160		986,148
Depreciation		46,190		196,812		103,298		346,300
Total Operating Expenses		220,235		402,755		854,889		1,477,879
OPERATING LOSS		(20,985)		(57,681)		(5,031)		(83,697)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest Income		1,481		5,194		30		6,705
Gain from Sale of Equipment		-		-		7,073		7,073
Refund of Prior Years Expenses		-		-		317		317
Insurance Compensation for Property								
Damages		-		3,895		-		3,895
Interest Expense		(4,264)		(50,639)		(4,764)		(59,667)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(2,783)		(41,550)		2,656		(41,677)
LOSS REFORE CARITAL								
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(23,768)		(99,231)		(2,375)		(125,374)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Intergovernmental Grants		5,000		_		_		5,000
Contributions from Individuals		-		_		35,423		35,423
Transfers In		59,163		_		-		59,163
Transfers - Utility Tax Equivalents		(25,508)		_		_		(25,508)
Total Capital Contributions		(==,===)						(==;===)
and Transfers		38,655				35,423		74,078
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		14,887		(99,231)		33,048		(51,296)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,116,671		3,772,573		1,402,200		6,291,444
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,131,558	\$	3,673,342	\$	1,435,248	\$	6,240,148

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Busin	ess-	-Type Activiti	es -	Enterprise F	und	ls
	Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Golf Course		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 119,152	\$	347,295	\$	849,858	\$	1,316,305
Cash Received from Public Fire							
Protection	67,558		-		-		67,558
Cash Received (Paid) for Meter							
Related Charges	11,986		(11,986)		-		-
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods							
and Services	(89,630)		(111,560)		(560,761)		(761,951)
Cash Paid for Employee Services	 (87,544)		(83,685)		(321,548)		(492,777)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	21,522		140,064		(32,451)		129,135
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Paid to General Fund to Reduce							
Advance from General Fund					(4,000)		(4,000)
Cash Received from	-		-		(4,000)		(4,000)
Insurance Reimbursements	_		3,895		_		3,895
Refunds of Prior Year Expenses	_		3,033		317		317
Payments of Tax Equivalents	(25,508)		_		-		(25,508)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	 (20,000)						(20,000)
Noncapital Financing Activities	(25,508)		3,895		(3,683)		(25,296)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Cash Paid for Acquisition of							
Capital Assets	(47,834)		-		(198,329)		(246,163)
Cash Received from Sale of	(, ,				(,,		(-,,
Equipment/Property	-		-		7,273		7,273
Cash Received as Capital Contributions	_		_		35,423		35,423
Cash Received from General Fund	59,163		-		-		59,163
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(18,549)		(32,000)		-		(50,549)
Principal Paid on Leases	-		-		(36,258)		(36,258)
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Paid	 (4,438)		(50,639)		(4,764)		(59,841)
Net Cash Used by							
Capital and Relates Financing							
Activities	(11,658)		(82,639)		(196,655)		(290,952)

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water		Sewer		Golf		
		Utility		Utility		Course		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on Investments	\$	1,481	\$	5,194	\$	30	Ф	6,705
interest on investments	Φ	1,401	Φ_	5,194	Φ_	30	\$	0,703
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(14,163)		66,514		(232,759)		(180,408)
Cash and Cash Equivalents -								
Beginning of Year		133,764		543,308		443,161		1,120,233
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	119,601	\$	609,822	\$	210,402	\$	939,825
DECONCILIATION OF OBEDATING								
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH								
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Loss	\$	(20,985)	\$	(57,681)	\$	(5,031)	\$	(83,697)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		(, ,	•	, ,		(, ,		, , ,
Loss to Net Cash								
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		46 400		100 010		402.200		246 200
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		46,190		196,812		103,298		346,300
Customer Accounts Receivable		(779)		2,221		_		1,442
Accounts Receivable on Tax Roll		225		-,		-		225
Inventory		733		25		(1,099)		(341)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		(2,837)		(289)		(29,858)		(32,984)
Unearned Revenues		-		-		(102,159)		(102,159)
Accrued Benefits Payable		(1,025)		(1,024)		2,398		349
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	21,522	\$	140,064	\$	(32,451)	\$	129,135
operating / totavides	<u> </u>	21,022	Ψ	110,001	Ψ	(02, 101)	Ψ_	120,100
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND								
INVESTMENTS TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS								
Cash and Investments per Statement								
of Net Position								
Cash and Investments	\$	119,601	\$	343,550	\$	210,402	\$	673,553
Cash and Investments - Restricted				266,272		_		266,272
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	119,601	\$	609,822	\$	210,402	\$	939,825

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 198,358
Taxes Receivable	803,081_
Total Assets	1,001,439
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Succeeding Year's Property Taxes	1,001,439
NET POSITION	\$ -

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Property Tax Collections	\$ 1,029,133
DEDUCTIONS Payments to Taxing Jurisdictions	1,029,133
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Luck (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units, except for not adopting Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Village's financial statements include amounts and disclosures related to participation in the Wisconsin Retirement System cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The amount by which the departure would affect the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, net position, and expenses has not been determined. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Village are described below:

A. Report Entity

The Village of Luck is governed by a seven-member elected board consisting of the Village President and six trustees elected at large.

The financial reporting entity of the Village is defined by the GASB to consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The basic financial statements of the Village consist of the primary government. No other organizations were identified for inclusion in the financial reporting entity of the Village.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Village established a redevelopment authority during 2010. The redevelopment authority is a legally separate organization. The board of the redevelopment authority is appointed by the Village president. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the Village can impose its will on the redevelopment authority and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the Village. As a component unit, the redevelopment authority's financial statements will be presented as a discrete column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Village. The redevelopment authority is a separate legal entity established to assist in planning and funding future economic development projects. No financial activity has been incurred by the redevelopment authority through December 31, 2022.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds) as described below:

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Village, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of governmental funds.

Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Fund – The CDBG Revolving Loan Fund is used to account for the transactions of the housing rehabilitation program. The major revenue sources for this fund are restricted grants and loan repayments.

Machinery Outlay Fund – The Machinery Outlay Fund, a capital projects fund, is used to account for equipment replacement. The major revenue sources for this fund are assigned local appropriations and interest earnings.

Library Fund – The Library Fund is used to account for operations of the Village's library. The major revenue sources for this fund are local appropriations, restricted grants and restricted donations.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – This fund accounts for the operations of the water system. Utility operations are subject to regulation by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission.

Sewer Utility – This fund accounts for the operations of the sewer collection system and treatment facilities.

Golf Course – This fund accounts for the operations of the municipally owned golf course.

The Village had no other enterprise funds to report as nonmajor funds.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund – The custodial fund is used to account for the collection of property taxes for other governmental units.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables, if any, are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are deemed to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance
 - 1. Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

Investment of Village funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- 1. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- 2. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- 3. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- 4. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 5. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- 6. Bonds or securities issued under the authority of the municipality.
- 7. The local government investment pool.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Investment of most trust funds is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Investment of library trust funds is regulated by Chapter 112. Those sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

Investments of the Village are stated at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

2. Receivables

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied prior to the end of the calendar year and are due and collectible in the following year. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien as of January 1. The resulting tax roll for which amounts have been collected for other taxing jurisdictions by December 31 is recorded in the Village's custodial fund as deferred inflows of resources for succeeding year's property taxes. Since Village property taxes are not considered available until January 1 of the year following the levy, the Village portion of the tax roll is recorded as deferred inflow of resources in the funds budgeted. Real property taxes are payable in full on or before January 31 or, alternatively, if over \$100, can be paid in two equal installments with the first installment payable on or before January 31 and the second installment payable on or before July 31. Personal property taxes and special assessments, special charges (including delinquent utility billings) and special taxes placed on the tax roll are payable in full on or before January 31. All uncollected items on the current tax roll. except delinquent personal property taxes, are turned over to the Polk County Treasurer for collection in February. Polk County subsequently settles in full with the Village in August of the same year, including settlement for uncollected delinquent special assessments and special charges. (The County has the option to settle in full for delinquent special assessments and special charges or to remit them to the Village as collections are received.) Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Village for collection. A portion of the general fund balance is classified as nonspendable for the Village's investment in delinquent taxes.

Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since such allowance would not be material.

Lease Receivable

The Village is a lessor under noncancellable lease agreements. The Village recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)
 - 2. Receivables (Continued)

Loans Receivable

The Village has received federal and state grant funds for housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The Village records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amounts recorded as housing rehabilitation loans receivable have not been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts since the Village does not expect such amounts to be material to the financial statements. It is the Village's policy to record deferred inflows of resources for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Interfund Balances

Activity between funds are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds, if material, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)
 - 5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with initial, individual costs as shown below and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The Village's policy is to prospectively report infrastructure acquired after adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar valued above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

			Depreciation/ Amortization	
Assets	Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	40-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	4-30 Years
Right-To-Use Lease Equipment		Various	Straight-line	8 Years
Utility Systems		5,000	Straight-line	30-50 Years
Infrastructure		5,000	Straight-line	30-50 Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

6. Lease Liability

The Village is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The Village recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the government-wide and in the proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Village initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Village determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Village uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate.
 When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Village generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the Village is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Village monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

7. Lessor

The Village is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a water tower rental for a cell phone antenna. The Village recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the applicable business-type activities in the government-wide and in the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Village initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Village determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Village uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Village monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

8. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Village would report decreases in net position or fund equity that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position or governmental fund balance sheets. No deferred outflows of resources are reported in these financial statements in the current year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Village's financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position or fund equity that applies to a future period. The Village will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs.

The Village has three types of items which are reported as deferred inflows in its governmental funds. The first occurs because property tax receivables are recorded in the current year, but the revenue will be recorded in the subsequent year. The second type of deferred inflow of resources relates to the lease receivable and represents the present value of future revenues to be recognized on lessor contracts. The final deferred inflow of resources, which are only reported in the governmental fund financial statements, occurs because certain governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected later than 60 days after the end of the Village's year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Village's government-wide financial statements also report a deferred inflows of resources for subsequent years taxes and leases as described above. The Village does not have deferred inflows of resources to report in its proprietary fund financial statements in the current year.

10. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are reported in connection with resources that have been received but not vet earned.

11. Compensated Absences

It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits. Liabilities for accumulated vacation and sick leave are not accrued in the Village's governmental fund financial statements but are recorded as expenditures when paid. Such liabilities are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

13. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water utility and sewer utility are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

14. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

15. Equity Classifications

Fund equity, representing assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is classified as follows in the Village's financial statements:

Government-Wide, Proprietary Fund, and Fiduciary Fund Statements

Fund equity is classified as net position in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements and is displayed in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is displayed as unrestricted.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)
 - 15. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties. Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by high-level formal action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Village's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is the Village's policy that at the end of each fiscal year, the Village will maintain unassigned portion of fund balance of at least 25% of annual general fund expenditures.

Committed fund balance is required to be established, modified, or rescinded by resolution of the Village Board prior to each year end. Based on resolution of the Village Board, the Village Administrator will have the authority to establish or modify assigned fund balance. When restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the Village's policy to first use restricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for expenditure, it is the Village's policy to use committed, assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

16. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

In the general fund, at December 31, 2022, actual expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount as determined necessary and authorized by the Village Board, as shown below:

						Va	riance with
						Fir	al Budget -
		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual		Positive
Expenditures	Original		Original Final		 Amounts	(Negative)
Public Safety	\$	357,798	\$	357,798	\$ 387,849	\$	(30,051)
Transportation		302,054		302,054	457,827		(155,773)
Sanitation		5,000		5,000	5,870		(870)
Conservation and Development		4,619		4,619	15,085		(10,466)

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and investments balance at December 31, 2022 as shown in the financial statements are as follows:

Governmental Funds	\$ 767,058
Proprietary Funds	939,825
Fiduciary Funds	 198,358
Total	\$ 1,905,241

The above cash and investments balances consisted of the following:

Deposits in Financial Institutions	\$ 1,129,739
Deposits in Local Government Investment Pool	 775,502
Total	\$ 1,905,241

Deposits at Financial Institutions

The Village's balances at individual financial institutions were subject to coverage under federal depository insurance and amounts appropriated by Sections 20.144(1)(a) and 34.08 of the Wisconsin Statutes (State Guarantee Fund). Federal depository insurance provides for coverage of up to \$250,000 for time and savings deposits and coverage of up to an additional \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts. In addition, funds held for others (such as trust funds) are subject to coverage under the name of the party for whom the funds are held. Coverage under the State Guarantee Fund may not exceed \$400,000 above the amount of coverage under federal depository insurance at any institution and is limited by the availability of the appropriations authorized therein. (Due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.) Also, Section 34.07 of the Wisconsin Statutes authorizes the Village to collateralize its deposits that exceed the amount of coverage provided by federal depository insurance and the State Guarantee Fund.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. At December 31, 2022, the Village's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The Village's investments at December 31, 2022 consisted of deposits in the following external investment pool:

Deposits in State Local Government Pooled-Investment Fund

The State of Wisconsin offers a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) to local government units to enable them to voluntarily invest idle funds in State Investment Fund. Local funds are pooled with state funds and invested by the State Investment Board. There is no minimum or maximum amount that can be invested by a local governmental unit. Interest is earned on a daily basis and withdrawals are generally available on the day of request. Deposits in the LGIP are not covered by federal depository insurance but are subject to coverage under the State Guarantee Fund. Also, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board has obtained a surety bond to protect deposits in the LGIP against defaults in principal payments on the LGIP's investments (subject to certain limitations). The average monthly weighted average maturity of the State Investment Fund's investments for 2022 was 26 days.

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Village's policy is to invest its funds in accordance with provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes previously discussed in Note 1.D.1.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with maturity dates farther into the future are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. The short weighted average maturities of the investments in the above external investment pool mitigates this risk to the Village.

The Village's investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Long-Term Receivables/Deferred Inflows

Housing Rehabilitation Loans Receivable

The Village has participated in the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program which was used to finance housing rehabilitation as specified within the contracts signed with the State of Wisconsin.

At December 31, 2022 the Village had outstanding 23 deferred mortgage loans totaling \$252,900, these notes become due and payable in the event that the maker:

- a. no longer continues to occupy the premises securing this note as a full-time residence, or
- b. transfers any legal or equitable interest in the mortgaged premises to anyone for any reason.

These loans are recorded as long-term receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the special revenue fund. Collections on these loans are recognized as revenue in the special revenue fund at the time of their receipt. Proceeds from the collection of the above loans are restricted for financing similar rehabilitation projects.

Northland Ambulance Service Receivable

The Village borrowed \$250,000 in 2013 to provide financing to the local ambulance district for the purchase of a building that will house the ambulance district. The amount is to be repaid to the Village as payments become due on the loan (see Note 3.E). The Village has recorded a receivable equal to the outstanding balance of the loan (\$117,259) at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning				Ending			
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	478,122	\$	-	\$	-	\$	478,122
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		1,490,001		-		-		1,490,001
Equipment and Vehicles		656,310		89,701		74,976		671,035
Infrastructure		2,528,237		190,254		-		2,718,491
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		4,674,548		279,955		74,976		4,879,527
Total Capital Assets		5,152,670		279,955		74,976		5,357,649
Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Improvements		560,644		40,968		-		601,612
Equipment and Vehicles		320,739		40,883		74,976		286,646
Infrastructure		457,041		82,367				539,408
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,338,424		164,218		74,976		1,427,666
Net Capital Assets -								
Governmental Activities	\$	3,814,246	\$	115,737	\$	-	\$	3,929,983

Depreciation was charges to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 13,955
Public Safety	13,262
Transportation	113,789
Culture, Recreation, and Education	 23,212
Total	\$ 164,218

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business Activities

	Ве	ginning					Ending
	Ba	alance	Incre	ases	Decre	ases	Balance
WATER UTILITY							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land and Land Rights	\$	1,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,838
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Source of Supply		23,845		-		-	23,845
Pumping Plant		99,651		-		-	99,651
Water Treatment		1,581		-		-	1,581
Transmission and Distribution	1	,696,467		52,834		7,850	1,741,451
Administration and General Assets		56,323		-		-	56,323
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	1	,877,867		52,834		7,850	1,922,851
Total Capital Assets	1	,879,705		52,834		7,850	1,924,689
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		708,921		46,190		7,850	747,261
Net Capital Assets - Water Utility	1	,170,784		6,644		-	1,177,428
SEWER UTILITY							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land and Land Rights		33,883		_		-	33,883
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Collection System	2	,905,192		_		_	2,905,192
Treatment and Disposal Plant	3	,739,581		_		-	3,739,581
Administration and General Assets		147,380		_		_	147,380
Total Capital Assets Being							· ·
Depreciated	6	,792,153		-		-	6,792,153
Total Capital Assets	6	,826,036		_		_	6,826,036
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		,805,959	1	96,812		_	2,002,771
Net Capital Assets - Sewer Utility		,020,077		96,812)			 4,823,265
Net Capital Assets - Sewer Othity	J	,020,011	(1	55,012)		-	7,020,200

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business Activities (Continued)

	eginning	t		Б.		Ending
	 Balance	in	creases	De	creases	 Balance
GOLF COURSE						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized						
Land and Land Rights	\$ 461,190	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 461,190
Construction Work in Progress	9,743		3,740		13,483	
Total Capital Assets Not						
Being Depreciated/Amortized	470,933		3,740		13,483	461,190
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized						
Land Improvements	229,577		139,572		-	369,149
Buildings	693,234		-		-	693,234
Equipment and Vehicles **	543,842		55,017		3,995	594,864
Right-To-Use Lease Equpment **	153,544		15,957			169,501
Infrastructure	 306,500		13,483		-	319,983
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated/Amortized	 1,926,697		224,029		3,995	 2,146,731
Total Capital Assets	2,397,630		227,769		17,478	2,607,921
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	 1,006,194		103,298		3,795	1,105,697
Net Capital Assets - Golf Course	1,391,436		124,471		13,683	1,502,224
Net Capital Assets -						
Business-Type Activities	\$ 7,582,297	\$	(65,697)	\$	13,683	\$ 7,502,917

^{**} This includes restated amounts due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

Depreciation was charges to business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 46,190
Sewer	196,812
Golf	 103,298
Total	\$ 346,300

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	ble Fund Payable Fund		mount	Purpose		
General Fund	Golf Course Proprietary Fund	\$	21	Finance Operating Expenses		
General Fund	CDBG Revolving Loan Fund		2,799	Finance Operating Expenses		
Total		\$	2,820			

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Advances from/to Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount	Purpose		
General Fund	Golf Course Proprietary Fund	\$	91,000	Finance Operating Expenses		

Interfund balances that are owed within the governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To Fund Transferred From		Amount		Purpose
General Fund	Water Utility	\$	25,508	Property Tax Equivalent
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		22,063	Finance Current Year Debt Maturities
Water Utility	General Fund		59,163	Finance Current Year Expenses
Debt Service Fund	Tax Incremental #2 Fund		54,785	Finance Current Year Debt Maturities
Debt Service Fund	Tax Incremental #4 Fund		17,120	Finance Current Year Debt Maturities
Total		\$	178,639	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance					Balance	A	Amounts
	lanaury 1,				De	ecember 31,	D	ue Within
	 2022	 ssued	Retired		2022		One Year	
Long-Term Debt		<u>.</u>						
Governmental Activities								
Notes from Direct Borrowings	\$ 1,311,841	\$ -	\$	80,047	\$	1,231,794	\$	182,570
Business-Type Activities								
Notes from Direct Borrowings	90,000	-		7,778		82,222		8,014
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1,995,192			42,771		1,952,421		43,796
Total Business-Type Activities								
Long-Term Debt	2,085,192	-		50,549		2,034,643		51,810
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3,397,033	\$ 	\$	130,596	\$	3,266,437	\$	234,380
Other Long-Term Obligations								
Governmental Activities								
Personal Time Off Leave	\$ 65,610	\$ 3,703	\$	370	\$	68,943	\$	4,791
Unfunded WRS Liability	15,501	-		4,306		11,195		-
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	\$ 81,111	\$ 3,703	\$	4,676	\$	80,138	\$	4,791
Business-Type Activities								
Right-To-Use Lease Liability **	\$ 125,309	\$ 15,957	\$	36,258	\$	105,008	\$	30,495
Personal Time Off Leave	24,500	2,399		2,050		24,849		1,727
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 149,809	\$ 18,356	\$	38,308	\$	129,857	\$	32,222

^{**} This includes restated amounts due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

The Village's estimated liabilities for employee vacation and sick leave are discussed in Note 4.B.

General Obligation Long-Term Debt

All general obligation bonds, notes and other long-term obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation long-term debt will be retired by future tax levies accumulated by the debt service fund. The Village's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities contain provisions that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Village is unable to make payment.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The Village's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities contain provisions that in the event of default, (a) Village fails to pay any amount when due under this note or under any other instrument evidencing any indebtedness of Village to lender (b) any representation or warranty made under this note or information provided by Village to lender in connection with this note is or was false or fraudulent in any material respect (c) a material adverse change occurs in the Village's financial condition (d) Village fails to timely observe or perform any of the covenants or duties in this note (e) an event of default occurs under the note, then, at Lender's option, and upon written or verbal notice to Village, Lender's obligation to make the loan under this shall terminate and the total unpaid balance shall become immediately due and payable without presentment, demand, protest, or further notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Village. Lender's obligation to make loans under this agreement shall automatically terminate the total unpaid balance shall automatically become due and payable in the event Village becomes the subject of bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings. Lender may waive any default without waiving any other subsequent or prior default. Village agrees to pay Lender's costs of administration of this agreement. Village also agrees to pay all costs of collection before and after judgement, including reasonable attorneys' fees (including those incurred in successful defense or settlement of any counterclaim brought by Village or incident to any action or proceedings involving Village brought pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code).

The Village's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to business-type activities contain provisions that in the event of default, (a) Village fails to pay any amount when due under this note or under any other instrument evidencing any indebtedness Village to Lender (b) any representation or warranty made under this note or information provided by Village to Lender in connection with this note is or was false or fraudulent in any material respect (c) a material adverse change occurs in the Village's financial condition (d) Village fails to timely observe or perform any of the covenants or duties in this note (e) an event of default occurs under any agreement securing this note, or (f) Lender deems itself insecure, then the unpaid balance shall, at the option of lender, without notice, mature and become immediately payable. The unpaid balance shall automatically mature and become immediately payable in the event the Village becomes the subject to bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings. Village's receipt of any payment on the note after the occurrence of an event of default shall not constitute a waiver of the default of the lender's rights and remedies upon such default.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual Requirements for Retirement

Individual general obligation long-term debt issues outstanding at December 31, 2022 and annual requirements for their retirement were as follows:

	Year	Principal		Interest	Total		
General Obligation Notes		-					
Governmental Activities							
Promissory note dated August15, 2013, issued							
\$250,000, final installment August 15, 2023,							
interest at 3.75% (Northland Ambulance)	2023	\$	117,259	\$ 4,072	\$	121,331	
Promissory note dated December 10, 2014, issued	2023		23,213	6,606		29,819	
\$340,000, final installment November 30, 2024	2024		158,773	5,810		164,583	
interest at 3.70% (paid off golf course debt)			181,986	12,416		194,402	
Promissory note dated November 27, 2019, issued	2023		42,098	29,807		71,905	
\$1,050,000, final installment November 27, 2029	2024		43,367	28,538		71,905	
interest at 3.20% (Main Street and Culvert project)	2025		44,833	27,072		71,905	
	2026		46,267	25,637		71,904	
	2027		47,748	24,157		71,905	
	2028-2029		708,236	43,411		751,647	
			932,549	178,622	_	1,111,171	
Total Governmental Activities			1,231,794	195,110		1,426,904	
Business-Type Activities							
Promissory note dated August 11, 2021, issued	2023		8,014	2,673		10,687	
\$90,000, final installment August 11, 2031	2024		8,268	2,419		10,687	
interest at 3.25% (Meter Replacement Project)	2025		8,543	2,144		10,687	
	2026		8,821	1,866		10,687	
	2027		9,108	1,579		10,687	
	2028-2031		39,468	3,278		42,746	
Total Business-Type Activities			82,222	 13,959		96,181	
Total General Obligation Notes		\$	1,314,016	\$ 209,069	\$	1,523,085	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual Requirements for Retirement (Continued)

Minimum and annual principal and interest payments are required to retire long-term debt as follows:

		G	overnn	nental Activiti	es		Funding Sources							
	N	otes from Dir	ect Bo	rrowings				General		TID #2		TID #4		
<u>Year</u>	F	Principal		nterest		Total		Fund	Fund		Fund		Total	
2023	\$	182,570	\$	40,485	\$	223,055	\$	151,150	\$	54,648	\$	17,257	\$	223,055
2024		202,140		34,348		236,488		164,583		54,648		17,257		236,488
2025		44,833		27,072		71,905		-		54,648		17,257		71,905
2026		46,267		25,637		71,904		-		54,647		17,257		71,904
2027		47,748		24,157		71,905		-		54,648		17,257		71,905
2028-2029		708,236		43,411		751,647		-		571,252		180,395		751,647
Total	\$	1,231,794	\$	195,110	\$	1,426,904	\$	315,733	\$	844,491	\$	266,680	\$	1,426,904

		Bu		Funding Source					
	No	tes from Dir	ect Bor	rowings				Water	
<u>Year</u>	Pr	incipal	pal Interest			Total	Utility		
2023	\$	8,014	\$	2,673	\$	10,687	\$	10,687	
2024		8,268		2,419		10,687		10,687	
2025		8,543		2,144		10,687		10,687	
2026		8,821		1,866		10,687		10,687	
2027		9,108		1,579		10,687		10,687	
2028-2031		39,468		3,278		42,746		42,746	
Total	\$	82,222	\$	13,959	\$	96,181	\$	96,181	

Debt Limitation

Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes restricts Village general obligation debt to 5% of the equalized value of all property in the Village. At December 31, 2022 the Village's debt limitation amounted to \$4,984,870 and indebtedness subject to the limitation totaled \$1,314,016.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Lease Liability: Right-To-Use Asset Agreements

On November 4, 2020 the Village entered into a right-to-use asset lease agreement with Wells Fargo Financial Leasing, Inc. for the use of 56 gas golf cars. Monthly payments of \$5,619 is due each May, June, July, August, September, and October. No payments are due for November, December, January, February, March, and April. This lease agreement expires in October 2025.

On April 26, 2022 the Village entered into a right-to-use asset lease agreement with Wells Fargo Financial Leasing, Inc. for the use of a Bistro golf cart. Yearly payments of \$3,360 are due in July of each year and expires in June 2026.

Total principal and interest costs for the lease agreements for the year ended December 31, 2022 totaled \$36,259 and \$4,179, respectively.

Minimum lease payments over the term of the lease are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2023	\$ 30,495	\$	3,221	\$ 33,716
2024	34,989		2,087	37,076
2025	36,211		866	37,077
2026	3,313		46	 3,359
Total	\$ 105,008	\$	6,220	\$ 111,228

Mortgage Revenue Bonds

On June 26, 2013, the Village authorized the issuance of \$217,955 of municipal water system mortgage revenue bonds to the State of Wisconsin under the Safe Drinking Loan Program Financial Assistance Agreement with Principal Forgiveness for the water looping and street project. The bonds bear an interest rate of 1.1550% and have a final maturity date of May 1, 2033. The Village's outstanding bonds from direct borrowings related to business-type activities contain the following provisions in the event of default:

1) Wisconsin Department of Administration can deduct amounts due from any state payments due to the Village or add the amounts as a special charge to the property taxes apportioned; 2) may appoint a receiver for the Program's benefit; 3) may declare the principal amount immediately due and payable; 4) may enforce any right or obligation under the financing agreement including the right to seek specific performance or mandamus; and 5) may increase the interest rate set forth in the financing agreement to the market interest rate.

On March 1, 2017, the Village issued sewerage system mortgage revenue bonds, Series 2017, in the amount of \$2,023,000 to replace temporary borrowing which financed costs of rehabilitation of the Village's sewer system. The bonds bear an interest rate of 2.75% and have a final maturity date of May 1, 2056. The owners of the revenue bonds hold a mortgage lien on the Village's sewer utility system for the life of the bonds.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Annual requirements for repayment of the revenue bonds at December 31, 2022 are shown below:

	Year	Principal	Interest	Total
Water system revenue bonds dated June 26, 2013,	2023	\$ 10,896	\$ 1,404	\$ 12,300
issued \$217,955, final installment May 1, 2033,	2024	11,022	1,404	12,426
interest at 1.16% (water looping and streets project)	2025	11,149	1,150	12,299
	2026	11,278	1,020	12,298
	2027	11,408	889	12,297
	2028-2032	59,047	1,804	60,851
	2033	12,221	71	12,292
		127,021	7,742	134,763
Sewerage system mortgage revenue bonds,	2023	32,900	49,742	82,642
Series 2017, dated March 1, 2017, \$2,023,000,	2024	33,700	48,961	82,661
final installment May 1, 2056, interest at 2.75%	2025	34,800	47,885	82,685
(sewer utility upgrades)	2026	35,700	46,915	82,615
	2027	36,700	45,919	82,619
	2028-2032	199,300	213,910	413,210
	2033-2037	229,000	184,371	413,371
	2038-2042	262,700	149,050	411,750
	2043-2047	301,500	111,846	413,346
	2048-2052	346,000	66,401	412,401
	2053-2056	313,100	17,485	330,585
		1,825,400	982,485	2,807,885
Total Mortgage Revenue Notes		\$ 1,952,421	\$ 990,227	\$ 2,942,648

The Village's full faith and credit do not back these bonds which are backed only by the assets and revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise funds. The bonds are payable from a pledge of revenues of the water and sewer utility system. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$12,301 and \$17,710 for the water utility enterprise fund. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$82,639 and \$125,385 for the sewer utility enterprise fund.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Lease Receivables

The Village, acting as lessor, leases space on the water tower for a cell phone antenna under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The initial term of the lease was for five years with the option to extend the lease for five additional and successive five-year terms expiring at various dates through 2036. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized \$6,802 and \$4,067 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	F	Principal	Interest			Total
2023	\$	5,064	\$	3,850	\$	8,914
2024		5,290		3,624		8,914
2025		5,527		3,387		8,914
2026		5,941		3,137		9,078
2027		6,222		2,871		9,093
2028-2032		36,104		9,889		45,993
2033-2036		26,801		1,795		28,596
Total	\$	90,949	\$	28,553	\$	119,502

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Governmental Fund Balances

The governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Total	Nor	nspendable	e Restricted		C	ommitted	Assigned		Unassigned	
Major Funds									,		
General Fund											
Nonspendable Advances to											
Other Funds	\$ 91,000	\$	91,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaids	17,791		17,791								
Nonspendable - Long-Term											
Receivable	117,259		117,259		-		-		-		-
Assigned (Supplementary											
Schedule B-2)	650		-		-		-		650		-
Total General Fund	226,700		226,050		-		-		650		-
CDBG Revolving Loan Fund	106,915		-		106,915		-		-		-
Machinery Outlay Fund	55,498		-		-		-		55,498		-
Library Fund	114,128		-		-		114,128		-		-
Debt Services Fund											
Village General Obligation											
Long-Term Debt	63,369		-		63,369		-		-		-
Nonmajor Funds											
Special Revenue Funds											
Cemetery Fund	4,733		-		-		4,733		-		-
Capital Projects Funds											
Tax Incremental District #2	134,059		-		134,059		-		-		-
Tax Incremental District #3	86,525		-		86,525		-		-		-
Tax Incremental District #4	65,124		-		65,124		-		-		-
Police Squad Fund	19,660		-		-		-		19,660		-
Total Governmental							<u>.</u>				
Fund Balances at											
December 31, 2022	\$ 876,711	\$	226,050	\$	455,992	\$	118,861	\$	75,808	\$	

G. Tax Incremental Financing Districts

The Village has created four tax incremental financing districts (TIF districts or TIDs) in accordance with Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The purpose of that section is to allow a municipality to recover development and improvement costs in a designated area from the property taxes generated on the increased value of the property after creation of the district. The tax on the increased value is called a tax increment.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Tax Incremental Financing Districts (Continued)

TID #1 was closed out in prior years. The resolution creating TID #2 was dated September 4, 2002, the resolution creating TID #3 was dated October 6, 2004 and the resolution creating TID #4 was dated September 10, 2018. At the creation of TID #2, the statutes provided that no project costs could be expended later than seven years after the creation date of the district. The statutes further allowed the municipality to collect tax increments for 16 years after the last project expenditure is made or until the net project cost of the district had been recovered, whichever occurred first. The State enacted several changes relating to tax incremental districts in 2004 (with amending legislation in 2005). One of these changes extends the expenditure period for all current and future districts, effective October 1, 2004, to five years prior to the termination of the district's unextended maximum life. For those districts that have reached the end of its expenditure period prior to October 1, 2004, it allows a municipality to expend additional project costs included in the project plan (subject to certain conditions). The unextended maximum life of TID #3 and TID #4 is 20 years.

The project plans for the districts, on file in the office of the Village Clerk, detail the proposed projects, the estimated years of construction or site acquisition and the estimated costs of the individual project components of the districts. Project costs uncollected at the dissolution date are absorbed by the municipality.

Accumulated project costs and revenues of TID #2, TID #3, and TID #4 through December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	TID #2		 TID #3	TID #4		
Accumulated Project Costs						
Capital Expenditures	\$	7,660	\$ -	\$	-	
Administration		37,217	28,905		11,275	
Developers Agreements		25,000	-		-	
Interest Charges		48,627	-		15,196	
Transfers Out		60,942	 _		19,044	
Total Project Costs		179,446	28,905		45,515	
Accumulated Project Revenues						
Tax Increments		275,044	115,430		110,639	
Minimum Tax Agreements		28,921	-		-	
Intergovernmental		9,540	_		-	
Total Project Revenues		313,505	115,430		110,639	
Future Project Revenues Necessary to Recover						
Net Costs to Date	\$	(134,059)	\$ (86,525)	\$	(65,124)	

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible state of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

General Information About the Pension Plan

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the WRS recognized \$57,298 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

	Employee	Employer
General (Including Teachers)	6.50%	7.30%
Executives and Elected Officials	6.50%	7.40%
Protective With Social Security	6.50%	12.74%
Protective Without Social Security	6.50%	16.44%

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Wisconsin Retirement System Pension Plan Benefits (Continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments (Continued)

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
<u>Year</u>	_Adjustment %_	Adjustment %
2012	(1.2)	11.0
2013	(7.0)	(7.0)
2014	(9.6)	9.0
2015	4.7	25.0
2016	2.9	2.0
2017	0.5	(5.0)
2018	2.0	4.0
2019	2.4	17.0
2020	0.0	(10.0)
2021	1.7	21.0

B. Vacation and Sick Leave Liabilities

During 2012, the Village eliminated vacation and sick leave accruals and now allows employees to accrue an all-inclusive paid time off (PTO) leave program. PTO leave is granted to employees in varying amounts based on length of service and terms of employment. Employees may carry over a maximum of five PTO leave days at the end of the year. Upon retirement, employees shall be paid for all accrued but unused PTO leave. To be eligible for the maximum benefit, an employee must be a full-time employee and have 15 years of service to the Village.

Liabilities for accumulated PTO leave are not accrued in the Village's governmental fund financial statements but are recorded as expenditures when paid. Such liabilities are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. The estimated liabilities for unused vacation and sick leave payable from governmental funds at December 31, 2022 was \$68,943. The estimated liabilities in the proprietary funds at that date was \$24,849.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Joint Ventures

Ambulance Service

The Villages of Luck and Frederic and the Townships of Bone Lake, Laketown, Georgetown, Luck, Clam Falls, Lorain, McKinley, Trade Lake, and West Sweden jointly operate the local ambulance called the Northland Municipal Ambulance, Inc., which provides ambulance service. The communities share in the operation of the ambulance service through per capita levies.

The governing body is made up of citizens from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the president of the community. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the ambulance service.

Summary financial information of the ambulance service as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 1,163,904
Total Liabilities	335,317
Totel Equity	828,588
Net Income	51,531
Outstanding Debt	252,529

Debt is being repaid with resources of the ambulance service and is secured by the taxing power of the participants. Separately issued audited financial statements are not prepared for the ambulance association. The transactions of the ambulance service are not reflected in the Village's financial statements.

Fire Association

The Village of Luck and Townships of Luck, Bone Lake, and McKinley jointly operate the local fire department called the Luck Rural Fire Association Inc., which provides fire service. The communities share in the operation of the association through annual tax levies.

The governing body is made up of citizens from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the president of the community. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the association.

Summary financial information of the association as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 1,211,763
Total Liabilities	77,000
Totel Equity	1,134,773
Net Income	46,264

Separately issued audited financial statements are not prepared for the fire association. The transactions of the association are not reflected in the Village's financial statements.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Village. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

E. Contingencies

State and Federal Grant Programs

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

F. Subsequent Events

On July 31, 2023 the Village authorized the issuance of a general obligation promissory note in the amount of \$80,000 for the purpose of financing the purchase of land. This note bears an interest rate of 5.75 percent and matures on July 21, 2033.

On August 15, 2023 the Village authorized the issuance of a general obligation promissory note in the amount of \$110,326 for the purpose of refinancing the August 15, 2013 Northland Ambulance building promissory note. The Village records a long-term receivable for the loan amount which is decreased with the Northland Ambulance principal payments on the loan. The loan bears an interest rate of 5.37 percent and matures on August 15, 2028.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

								riance with al Budget -	
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Positive		
		Original	Final	A	Amounts	(Negative)			
REVENUES							`	,	
Taxes	\$	485,645	\$	485,645	\$	496,160	\$	10,515	
Intergovernmental		303,750		303,750		344,301		40,551	
Licenses and Permits		7,200		7,200		26,979		19,779	
Fines and Forfeits		2,500		2,500		1,966		(534)	
Public Charges for Services		1,400		1,400		2,150		`750 [′]	
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		24,197		24,197		21,650		(2,547)	
Miscellaneous:		, -		, -		,		(,- ,	
Interest		300		300		8,264		7,964	
Rent		8,765		8,765		6,802		(1,963)	
Donations		-		-		500		500	
Other		_		_		37,308		37,308	
Total Revenues		833,757		833,757		946,080		112,323	
Total November		000,707		000,707		040,000		112,020	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		176,996		176,996		151,362		25,634	
Public Safety		357,798		357,798		387,849		(30,051)	
Transportation		302,054		302,054		457,827		(155,773)	
Sanitation		5,000		5,000		5,870		(870)	
Health and Human Services		250		250		-		250	
Culture, Recreation, and Education		16,040		16,040		8,108		7,932	
Conservation and Development		4,619		4,619		15,085		(10,466)	
Total Expenditures		862,757		862,757		1,026,101			
Total Experiditules		002,737		002,737		1,020,101		(163,344)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(29,000)		(29,000)		(80,021)		(51,021)	
OVER EXITEREDITORES		(23,000)		(20,000)		(00,021)		(01,021)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		29,000		29,000		25,508		(3,492)	
Transfers Out						(81,226)		(81,226)	
Total Other Financing						(01,==0)		(0:,==0)	
Sources (Uses)		29,000		29,000		(55,718)		(84,718)	
234,333 (2333)		20,000		20,000		(00,1.10)		(81,110)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(135,739)		(135,739)	
						. ,		•	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		362,439		362,439		362,439			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	¢	362 420	¢	362 420	Ф	226 700	Ф	(135 730)	
I OHD DALAHOL - LHD OF FLAN	\$	362,439	Ψ_	362,439	Ψ	226,700	Ψ	(135,739)	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the presentation of budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund. Budgetary information is derived from the Village's annual operating budget. The Village did not formally adopt a budget for its CDBG revolving loan fund, machinery outlay fund or the Library fund.

The Village's budget is adopted in accordance with Chapter 65 of the Wisconsin Statutes and on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Changes to appropriations authorized in the adopted budget generally require a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the governing body. The Village's legal budget is adopted at the major function level in the general fund (i.e., general government) and at the fund level in all other funds. The Village exercises budgetary expenditure control at the department level.

Budget amounts in the financial statements include both original adopted budget and the final budget. Changes to the budget during the year, if any, generally include amendments authorized by the governing body, additions of approved carryover amounts and appropriations of revenues and other sources for specified expenditures/uses. Appropriated budget amounts in the general fund lapse at the end of the year unless specifically carried over for financing subsequent year expenditures.

NOTE 2 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

Comparisons of actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted amounts for the Village's general fund are presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements. Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts at the legally adopted levels for each of these funds are shown in those schedules.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	•

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Capital Projects Funds											
	Special Revenue Fund - Cemetery Fund		Revenue Fund - T Cemetery Incre		Tax Tax ncremental Incremental District #2 District #3		Tax Incremental District #4		Police Squad Fund		Total Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	4,733	\$	134,059	\$	86,525	\$	65,124	\$	19,660	\$	305,368	\$	310,101
Taxes Receivable				69,679		34,861		60,510		12,000		177,050		177,050
Total Assets	\$	4,733	\$	203,738	\$	121,386	\$	125,634	\$	31,660	\$	482,418	\$	487,151
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Succeeding Year's Property Taxes		-		69,679		34,861		60,510		12,000		177,050		177,050
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted		_		134,059		86,525		65,124		_		285,708		285,708
Committed		4,733		-		, -		-		-		, <u>-</u>		4,733
Assigned		-		-		-		-		19,660		19,660		19,660
Total Fund Balances		4,733		134,059		86,525		65,124		19,660		305,368		310,101
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,733	\$	203,738	\$	121,386	\$	125,634	\$	31,660	\$	482,418	\$	487,151

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Capital Projects Funds

						Ou		rojooto r ar						
	Special Revenue Fund - Cemetery Fund		Tax Incremental District #2		Tax Incremental District #3		Tax Incremental District #4		Police Squad Fund		Total Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	
REVENUES														
Taxes	\$	-	\$	65,194	\$	25,392	\$	43,968	\$	12,000	\$	146,554	\$	146,554
Intergovernmental		-		348		-		-		-		348		348
Miscellaneous:														
Interest on Investments		29		-		-		-		343		343		372
Sale of Property		-		_		_		_		5,710		5,710		5,710
Other		1,098		_		_		_		· -		· -		1,098
Total Revenues		1,127		65,542		25,392		43,968		18,053		152,955		154,082
EXPENDITURES														
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		40,392		40,392		40,392
Health and Human Services		1,088		_		_		_		-		_		1,088
Conservation and Development		· -		6,143		6,144		1,645		_		13,932		13,932
Total Expenditures		1,088		6,143		6,144		1,645		40,392		54,324		55,412
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		39		59,399		19,248		42,323		(22,339)		98,631		98,670
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers to Other Funds				(54,785)				(17,120)				(71,905)		(71,905)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		39		4,614		19,248		25,203		(22,339)		26,726		26,765
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		4,694		129,445		67,277		39,921		41,999		278,642		283,336
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR	\$	4,733	\$	134,059	\$	86,525	\$	65,124	\$	19,660	\$	305,368	\$	310,101

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GENERAL FUND DETAILED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021			
ASSETS						
Treasurer's Cash and Investments	\$	114,355	\$	231,176		
Taxes Receivable						
Current Tax Roll		376,281		364,342		
Delinquent Personal Property Taxes		1,891		2,222		
Other Accounts Receivable		5,853		9,079		
Prepayments		17,791		1,500		
Long-Term Receivable from Northland Ambulance		117,259		134,369		
Lease Receivable		90,949		-		
Advance to Golf Course Fund		91,000		95,000		
Due from Other Funds		2,820		2,820		
Total Assets	\$	818,199	\$	840,508		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Vouchers Payable	\$	10,820	\$	11,376		
Payroll Liabilities		6,530		3,661		
Special Deposits		5,800		, _		
Mobile Home Fees Due School		2,769		2,280		
Total Liabilities		25,919		17,317		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Tax Roll Items						
Succeeding Year's Property Taxes		476,586		460,752		
Deferred Amount Related to Leases		88,994		, _		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		565,580		460,752		
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable						
For Prepaids		17,791		_		
For Long-Term Receivable - Northland Ambulance		117,259		134,369		
Committed		,200		101,000		
For Advance to Golf Course		91,000		95,000		
Assigned		0.,000		00,000		
For Ordinances		_		4,376		
For Computers		_		1,341		
For Retirement Severance		_		38,893		
For Office Outlay		_		7,109		
For Room Tax - Tourism		_		22,810		
For Room Tax - Village		_		5,584		
For Playground Equipment		_		19,512		
For ATV Park		_		2,469		
For Skating Rink		_		4,628		
For Cemetery Outlay		650		3,583		
Unassigned		-		22,765		
Total Fund Balance		226,700		362,439		
	-	,		,		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	c	010 100	φ	040 500		
and i und daiding	_\$	818,199	\$	840,508		

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Balance	Village	Other		Trar	nsfers			Balance		
	(Overdraft)	Property	Revenues/	Gene	ral Fund	Other	Funds	Total	Expenditures/	(Overdraft)	
	44562	Taxes	Sources	In	Out	In	Out	Available	Other Uses	44926	
NONSPENDABLE									-	·	
Prepaid Items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,791	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,791	\$ -	\$ 17,791	
For Advance to Other Funds	95,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,000	4,000	91,000	
For Long-Term Receivable -											
Northland Ambulance	134,369				17,110			117,259		117,259	
Total Nonspendable	229,369	-	-	17,791	17,110	-	-	230,050	4,000	226,050	
ASSIGNED											
Carryover Funds:											
For Ordinances	4,376	-	-	-	2,539	-	-	1,837	1,837	-	
For Computer	1,341	_	22	-	1,363	-	-	_	-	-	
For Retirement Severance	38,893	-	464	-	31,715	-	-	7,642	7,642	-	
For Office Outlay	7,109	22,500	-	-	29,609	-	-	-	-	-	
For Street Outlay	-	95,000	1	97,421	-	-	-	192,422	192,422	-	
For Room Tax - Tourism	22,810	-	9,666	-	32,428	-	-	48	48	-	
For Room Tax - Village	5,584	-	4,143	-	9,707	-	-	20	20	-	
For Playground Equipment	19,512	3,000	227	-	22,739	-	-	-	-	-	
For ATV Park	2,469	-	40	-	2,509	-	-	-	-	-	
For Skating Rink	4,628	-	1	-	4,629	-	-	-	-	-	
For Campground Upgrade	-	35,000	-	-	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	
For Cemetery Outlay	3,583	-	29	-	2,962	-	-	650	-	650	
Total Assigned	110,305	155,500	14,593	97,421	175,200	-	-	202,619	201,969	650	
UNASSIGNED											
General Village	22,765	305,252	470,735	192,310	115,212	25,508	81,226	820,132	820,132	-	
Total Unassigned	22,765	305,252	470,735	192,310	115,212	25,508	81,226	820,132	820,132		
Total General Fund	\$ 362,439	\$ 460,752	\$ 485,328	\$ 307,522	\$ 307,522	\$ 25,508	\$ 81,226	\$ 1,252,801	\$ 1,026,101	\$ 226,700	

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022									
		Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)		2021 Actual
REVENUES								<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Taxes										
General Property Taxes	\$	460,752	\$	460,752	\$	460,752	\$	-	\$	435,350
Mobile Home Parking										
Permit Fees		8,500		8,500		4,237		(4,263)		4,754
Room Tax		-		-		13,809		13,809		13,859
Payments in Lieu of Taxes:										
Housing Authority		2,500		2,500		2,500		-		2,500
United Pioneer Apartments		2,000		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
United Pioneer Nursing										
Home		11,893		11,893		12,858		965		24,447
Interest on Delinquent Taxes		-				4		4		12
Total Taxes		485,645		485,645		496,160		10,515		482,922
Intergovernmental										
Federal Aid - American Rescue										
Plan Act		-		-		55,003		55,003		56,975
State Shared Taxes		186,395		186,395		172,185		(14,210)		169,970
State Shared Taxes -										
Expenditure Restraint		-		-		-		-		16,238
Personal Property Aid		2,239		2,239		2,239		-		2,243
State Transportation Aids		110,170		110,170		109,864		(306)		101,048
State LRIP Aids		-		-		-		-		8,747
Fire Insurance Taxes		3,633		3,633		3,682		49		3,633
Exempt Computer Aid		505		505		505		-		505
Law Enforcement Aids		800		800		800		-		800
Comprehensive Planning Grant		-		-		-		-		266
In Lieu of Taxes on State										
Conservation Land		8		8		23		15		8
Total Intergovernmental		303,750		303,750		344,301		40,551		360,433

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022									
							Variance -			
	A	dopted		Final			Positive			2021
	B	Budget		Budget		Actual	(N	egative)	Actual	
REVENUES (CONTINUED)										
Licenses and Permits										
Licenses										
Liquor and Malt Beverage	\$	2,975	\$	2,975	\$	2,735	\$	(240)	\$	2,970
Operators		1,700		1,700		1,060		(640)		1,420
Cigarette		300		300		250		(50)		250
Dog		300		300		385		85		339
Cable TV Franchise		-		-		10,308		10,308		5,911
Mobile Home Park		100		100		150		50		50
Sundry		500		500		775		275		450
Permits										
Construction		1,325		1,325		11,316		9,991		5,713
Total Licenses and Permits		7,200		7,200		26,979		19,779		17,103
Fines and Forfeits										
Court Penalties		2,500		2,500		1,966		(534)		1,020
Public Charges for Services										
License Publication Fees		-		-		66		66		57
Street Department		100		100		-		(100)		158
Animal Control		100		100		-		(100)		-
Spring Cleanup Fees		500		500		1,314		814		1,534
Search Fees		700		700		770		70		2,055
Total Public Charges for										
Services		1,400		1,400		2,150		750		3,804
Intergovernmental Charges										
for Services										
School Liaison Program		24,197		24,197		21,650		(2,547)		21,650

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2021 Actual
REVENUES (CONTINUED)					
Miscellaneous					
Interest on Investments	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 4,197	\$ 3,897	\$ 211
Interest on Leases	-	-	4,067	4,067	-
Sale of Property	-	-	-	-	1,694
Rent of Village Property					
Land	25	25	-	(25)	-
Tower Space	8,740	8,740	6,802	(1,938)	8,900
Other					
Donations	-	-	500	500	-
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	29,000	29,000	-
Insurance Dividends	-	-	2,710	2,710	4,583
Miscellaneous	-		5,598	5,598	8,956
Total Miscellaneous	9,065	9,065	52,874	43,809	24,344
Total Revenues	833,757	833,757	946,080	112,323	911,276
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Village Board Per Diems/					
Fringe Benefits	9,689	9,689	9,285	404	8,881
Village Board - Other	150	150	531	(381)	455
Legislative Support	636	636	636	-	581
Village Attorney	1,500	1,500	300	1,200	800
Codification of Ordinances	-	-	1,837	(1,837)	1,358
Village President Office	3,730	3,730	3,230	500	4,104
Village Administration Wages/					
Fringe Benefits	79,250	79,250	78,519	731	73,103
Village Administration - Other	2,700	2,700	639	2,061	1,051
Village Hall/Shop Technology					
Support	2,000	2,000	1,655	345	1,550
Office Supplies	3,700	3,700	4,056	(356)	4,636
Elections	7,000	7,000	4,068	2,932	3,203
Election Outlay (Carryover	-	-	-	-	2,200
Special Accounting and Auditing	7,875	7,875	9,076	(1,201)	7,533
Assessment of Property	4,375	4,375	6,067	(1,692)	5,272
Municipal Building	12,000	12,000	11,295	705	12,273
Municipal Building Outlay					
(Carryover)	15,391	15,391	-	15,391	4,699
Property, Liability, and Workers					
Compensation Insurance	27,000	27,000	19,962	7,038	22,505
Miscellaneous			206	(206)	423
Total General Government	176,996	176,996	151,362	25,634	154,627

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022								
	Adopted Budget			Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance - Positive legative)	2021 Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	'								
Public Safety									
Police Department Wages/									
Fringe Benefits	\$	270,406	\$	270,406	\$	298,852	\$	(28,446)	\$ 265,452
Police Department - Other		26,000		26,000		28,011		(2,011)	27,423
Police Legal Counsel		1,200		1,200		413		787	1,455
Fire Department Administration		41,824		41,824		41,824		-	38,578
State 2% Fire Aid to Fire									
Department		3,633		3,633		3,682		(49)	3,633
Ambulance Assessment		14,235		14,235		14,235		-	14,131
Civil Defense Siren		500		500		832		(332)	286
Total Public Safety		357,798		357,798		387,849		(30,051)	350,958
Transportation									
Garages and Sheds		11,200		11,200		10,847		353	10,627
Machinery and Equipment		4,000		4,000		2,288		1,712	1,520
Street Repair and Maintenance -		,		•		,		•	•
Other		21,650		21,650		21,384		266	17,563
Public Works Wages/		,		•		,			•
Fringe Benefits		169,296		169,296		189,899		(20,603)	173,674
Street Outlay (Carryover)		55,508		55,508		192,422		(136,914)	93,648
Uniforms		1,000		1,000		1,397		(397)	1,307
Street Cleaning - Other		1,400		1,400		790		610	1,786
Snow and Ice Control - Other		14,700		14,700		14,635		65	7,967
Street Signage		800		800		1,250		(450)	3,504
Street Lighting		22,500		22,500		22,915		(415)	21,261
Total Transportation		302,054		302,054		457,827		(155,773)	332,857
Sanitation									
Refuse Collection		5,000		5,000		5,870		(870)	3,796
Health and Human Services									
Women's Shelter		200		200		-		200	-
Dog Pound		50		50		-		50	-
Total Health and Human									
Services		250		250		-		250	-

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022								
		Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual	ı	ariance - Positive Negative)	2021 Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)									
Culture, Recreation and Education									
Celebrations and Entertainment	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	529	\$	971	\$ 475
Parks - Other		13,540		13,540		7,579		5,961	9,893
Cable TV		-		-		-		-	956
Cemetery Outlay (Carryover)		1,000		1,000		-		1,000	202
Total Culture, Recreation									
and Education		16,040		16,040		8,108		7,932	11,526
Conservation and Development									
Advertising and Promotion		1,100		1,100		1,672		(572)	25,209
Economic Development		1,119		1,119		1,119		-	1,119
Mapping (Carryover)		-		-		-		-	26
CDBG Housing Study		-		-		1,481		(1,481)	7,862
Zoning Expenditures		2,400		2,400		10,813		(8,413)	7,313
Total Conservation and									
Development		4,619		4,619		15,085		(10,466)	41,529
Total Expenditures		862,757		862,757		1,026,101		(163,344)	895,293
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(29,000)		(29,000)		(80,021)		(51,021)	15,983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers In-Water Utility Tax									
Equivalents		29,000		29,000		25,508		(3,492)	27,771
Transfers Out - Debt Service Fund		-		-		(22,063)		(22,063)	(22,063)
Transfers Out - Water Utility		-		-		(59,163)		(59,163)	-
Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		-		-	14,504
Total Other Financing		00.000		00.000		(55.740)		(0.4.740)	00.040
Sources		29,000		29,000		(55,718)		(84,718)	 20,212
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(135,739)		(135,739)	36,195
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		362,439		362,439		362,439			326,244
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	362,439	\$	362,439	\$	226,700	\$	(135,739)	\$ 362,439

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Investments:				
General Accounts	\$ 19,394	\$ 43,038		
Segregated Account:		,		
Water Plant Replacement	100,157	90,676		
Petty Cash	50	50		
Customer Accounts Receivable	44,078	43,299		
Accounts Receivable on Tax Roll	1,460	1,685		
Materials and Supplies	8,122	8,855		
Total Current Assets	173,261	187,603		
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Utility Plant in Service	1,924,689	1,879,705		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	747,261	708,921		
Total Capital Assets	1,177,428	1,170,784		
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,350,689</u>	\$ 1,358,387		
LIADU ITIES AND NET DOSITION				
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILTIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,492	\$ 4,329		
Accrued Interest	1,878	2,052		
Accrued Employee Benefits - Current Portion	453	631		
Current Portion of General Obligation Notes Payable	8,014	7,762		
Current Portion of Water System Revenue Bonds	10,896	10,771		
Total Current Liabilities	22,733	25,545		
LONG-TERM LIABITLITIES				
Accrued Employee Benefits	6,065	6,912		
General Obligation Notes Payable	74,208	82,238		
Water System Revenue Bonds	116,125	127,021		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	196,398	216,171		
Total Liabilities	219,131	241,716		
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	968,185	940,574		
Unrestricted	163,373	176,097		
Total Net Position	1,131,558	1,116,671		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,350,689	\$ 1,358,387		

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022			2021		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sales of Water:						
Residential	\$	74,865	\$	72,729		
Commercial		17,952		19,051		
Industrial		4,684		5,973		
Public Authorities		5,779		4,099		
Public Fire Protection		67,558		63,076		
Private Fire Protection		2,954		2,952		
Multi-Family Residential		10,368		9,870		
Total Sales of Water		184,160		177,750		
Other Operating Revenues:						
Forfeited Discounts		663		461		
Meter Use Charge to Sewer Utility		11,986		8,889		
Miscellaneous Operating Revenues		2,441		5,721		
Total Other Operating Revenues		15,090		15,071		
Total Operating Revenues		199,250		192,821		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance		174,045		146,187		
Depreciation		46,190		43,070		
Total Operating Expenses		220,235		189,257		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(20,985)		3,564		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest Revenue		1,481		69		
Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt		(4,264)		(3,420)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(2,783)		(3,351)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
AND TRANSFERS		(23,768)		213		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital Assets Financed by Customers and Grants		5,000		-		
Transfer from General Fund		59,163		-		
Transfer to General Fund - Property Tax Equivalent		(25,508)		(27,771)		
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		38,655		(27,771)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		14,887		(27,558)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		1,116,671		1,144,229		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,131,558	\$	1,116,671		

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Received from Utility Customers	\$	119,152	\$	122,725	
Cash Received from Public Fire Protection		67,558		63,076	
Cash Received from Sewer Share of Meter Related Expenses		11,986		8,889	
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(89,630)		(59,287)	
Cash Payments for Employee Services		(87,544)		(83,998)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		21,522		51,405	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers to General Fund - Payments of Tax Equivalents		(25,508)		(27,771)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Payments for Capital Assets		(47,834)		(167,780)	
Cash Received from General Fund		59,163		-	
Cash Received from Issuance of Long-Term Debt		-		90,000	
Cash Paid for Principal on Long-Term Debt		(18,549)		(10,649)	
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Paid		(4,438)		(1,654)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(11,658)		(90,083)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on Investments		1,481		69	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(14,163)		(66,380)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		133,764		200,144	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	119,601	\$	133,764	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH					
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(20,985)	\$	3,564	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided by Operating Activities:		40.400		40.070	
Depreciation		46,190		43,070	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		(770)		0.040	
Customer Accounts Receivable		(779)		2,319	
Inventories		733		(348)	
Accounts Receivable on Tax Roll		225		(450)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(0.007)		0.504	
Accounts Payable		(2,837)	æ	2,501	
Accrued Employee Benefits	Ф.	(1,025)	\$	749	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	21,522	\$	51,405	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
OPERATION				
Salaries and Wages	\$ 14,863	\$	13,912	
Fuel or Power Purchased for Pumping	7,938		7,039	
Chemicals	2,152		2,469	
Operating Supplies and Expenses	4,564		4,920	
Transportation Expense	 864		411	
Total Operation	30,381		28,751	
MAINTENANCE				
Repairs to Plant	54,058		31,470	
ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL				
Administrative and General Salaries	42,917		41,432	
Office Supplies and Expenses	3,925		3,275	
Outside Services Employed	7,810		4,700	
Insurance Expense	2,973		2,932	
Employees Pensions and Benefits	24,303		25,122	
FICA Taxes	4,436		4,281	
PSC Remainder Assessment	194		1,151	
Miscellaneous General	 3,048		3,073	
Total Administrative and General	 89,606		85,966	
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$ 174,045	\$	146,187	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN SEWER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022			2021		
ASSETS				_		
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and Investments						
General Accounts	\$	202,949	\$	190,037		
Segregated Accounts						
Sewer Main Replacement and Repair		57,978		49,162		
Sludge Removal Account		82,623		81,319		
Customer Accounts Receivable		79,416		81,637		
Other Accounts Receivable		600		600		
Materials and Supply Inventories		3,488		3,513		
Total Current Assets		427,054		406,268		
RESTRICTED ASSETS						
Equipment Replacement Fund		266,272		222,790		
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Utility Plant in Service		6,826,036		6,826,036		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		2,002,771		1,805,959		
Total Capital Assets		4,823,265		5,020,077		
Total Assets	\$	5,516,591	\$	5,649,135		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES	c	2 725	φ	2.014		
Accounts Payable	\$	2,725 453	\$	3,014 631		
Accrued Employee Benefits - Current Portion Accrued Interest Payable		8,606		8,606		
Current Portion of Sewerage System Mortgage Revenue Bonds		32,900		32,000		
Total Current Liabilities		44,684		44,251		
LONG TERM LIABILITIES						
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		6.065		6.011		
Accrued Employee Benefits Soverage System Martagae Boyenue Bonda		6,065		6,911 1,825,400		
Sewerage System Mortgage Revenue Bonds Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	1,792,500 1,798,565		1,832,311		
Total Long-Term Clabilities		1,790,303		1,032,311		
Total Liabilities		1,843,249		1,876,562		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,997,865		3,162,677		
Restricted for Equipment Replacement		266,272		222,790		
Unrestricted		409,205		387,106		
Total Net Position		3,673,342		3,772,573		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	5,516,591	\$	5,649,135		

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN SEWER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Sewerage Revenues				
Residential	\$ 210,927	\$	209,609	
Commercial	57,967		63,948	
Industrial	13,208		11,931	
Public Authorities	22,058		15,588	
Multi-Family Residential	36,375		34,797	
Total Sewerage Revenues	340,535		335,873	
Other Operating Revenues				
Forfeited Discounts	1,164		884	
Miscellaneous	3,375		6,627	
Total Other Operating Revenues	4,539		7,511	
Total Operating Revenues	345,074		343,384	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and Maintenance	205,943		192,803	
Depreciation	196,812		196,830	
Total Operating Expenses	402,755		389,633	
OPERATING LOSS	(57,681)		(46,249)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Revenue	5,194		169	
Insurance Recovery for Property Damages	3,895		-	
Interest Expense	 (50,639)		(51,363)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (41,550)		(51,194)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(99,231)		(97,443)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,772,573		3,870,016	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,673,342	\$	3,772,573	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN SEWER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Utility Customers Cash Paid for Sewer Share of Meter Related Expense Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Employee Services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	347,295 (11,986) (111,560) (83,685)	\$	347,402 (8,889) (117,156) (78,298) 143,059
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Insurance Recoveries		3,895		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Payments for Capital Assets Cash Paid for Retirement of Long-Term Debt Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Paid Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(32,000) (50,639) (82,639)		(1,825) (31,200) (51,508) (84,533)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments		5,194		169
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		66,514		58,695
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		543,308		484,613
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	609,822	\$	543,308
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	\$	(57,681)	\$	(46,249)
Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		196,812		196,830
Customer Accounts Receivable Other Accounts Receivable Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		2,221 - 25		4,618 (600) (114)
Accounts Payable Accrued Employee Benefits Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(289) (1,024) 140,064	\$	(12,175) 749 143,059
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position				
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	343,550 266,272 609,822	\$	320,518 222,790 543,308

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN SEWER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022		2021	
OPERATION	<u> </u>				
Supervision and Labor	\$	12,451	\$	10,310	
Power and Fuel for Pumping		25,749		23,999	
Outside Testing Service		21,961		13,289	
Operating Supplies and Expenses		2,280		1,663	
Transportation Expenses		1,776		772	
Total Operation of Plant		64,217		50,033	
MAINTENANCE					
Sewage Collection System		28,912		42,052	
General Plant		6,741		5,502	
Total Maintenance of Plant		35,653	•	47,554	
ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL					
Administrative and General Salaries		42,892		41,424	
Meter Use Charge		11,986		8,889	
Office Supplies and Expenses		6,421		4,652	
Outside Services Employed		9,530		4,300	
Insurance Expenses		5,211		5,564	
Employees Pensions and Benefits		23,241		23,503	
FICA Taxes		4,077		3,810	
Miscellaneous General Expenses		2,715		3,074	
Total Administrative and General		106,073		95,216	
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$	205,943	\$	192,803	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Investments:			
General Accounts	\$ 210,343	\$ 411,780	
Segregated Investments:	¥ =10,010	+,	
Donations Account	59	31,381	
Accounts Receivable	3,091	3,091	
Inventories	2,507	1,408	
Total Current Assets	216,000	447,660	
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Plant in Service			
Property and Plant in Service	2,607,921	2,387,887	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,105,697	1,006,194	
Net Capital Assets	1,502,224	1,381,693	
Construction Work in Progress	-	9,743	
Total Capital Assets	1,502,224	1,391,436	
	.,,	.,,	
Total Assets	\$ 1,718,224	\$ 1,839,096	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 11,677	\$ 41,535	
Accrued Interest Payable	976	976	
Due to General Fund	21	21	
Accrued Employee Benefits	821	788	
Advance Memberships and Fees	62,481	164,640	
Right-To-Use Lease Equipment	30,495	29,705	
Total Current Liabilities	106,471	237,665	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (NET OF CURRENT PORTION)			
Advance from General Fund	91,000	95,000	
Right-To-Use Lease Equipment	74,513	95,604	
Accrued Employee Benefits	10,992	8,627	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	176,505	199,231	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	170,303	199,231	
Total Liabilities	282,976	436,896	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,397,216	1,229,797	
Unrestricted	38,032	172,403	
Total Net Position	1,435,248	1,402,200	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,718,224	\$ 1,839,096	

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
OPERATING REVENUES		_		
Season Tickets	\$	139,861	\$	126,225
Green Fees		167,145		174,949
Trail Fees		2,565		2,225
Power Cart Rentals		270,124		262,111
Gift Certificates		706		654
Miscellaneous Rentals		800		1,082
Driving Range		11,457		11,414
Camping Fees		5,578		7,744
Golf Shop Sale of Golf Supplies		83,407		42,634
Cost of Golf Supplies Sold		(63,693)		(31,175)
Clubhouse Food and Beverage Sales		188,547		168,941
Cost of Food/Beverage Supplies Sold		(81,738)		(70,210)
W.S.G.A. Handicapped Fees		1,422		600
Cash Over (Short) in Till		785		1,888
Credit Card Fees		(22,539)		(19,344)
Total Operating Revenues		704,427		679,738
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Club House/Golf Course Wages		106,183		93,602
Grounds/Equipment Wages		136,893		111,601
FICA Expense Paid		18,293		15,430
Employee Fringe Benefits		53,567		46,208
Operation and Maintenance of Equipment		69,311		69,658
Golf Cart Rental		1,300		1,970
Course Grounds Maintenance		23,423		30,194
Seed		3,013		-
Fertilizer		4,090		5,582
Chemicals		16,267		26,760
Building Maintenance and Repairs		37,110		38,384
Other Operating Supplies and Expenses		64,478		48,334
Utilities		36,360		29,228
Uniforms		1,293		2,238
Signs and Fixtures		2,061		2,030
Minor Equipment and Small Tools		3,519		7,224
Driving Range Supplies		872		1,662
W.S.G.A. Handicapped Fees		819		-

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		2021	
OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED)	•			
Property and Liability Insurance	\$	5,551	\$	4,914
Membership Dues and Subscriptions		2,981		2,609
Professional Fees-Attorney and Accounting		2,126		1,901
Operating Licenses		706		856
Advertising and Promotions		1,570		2,776
Wages Clerk's Office		5,702		5,482
FICA Expense Paid		415		399
Employee Fringe Benefits		2,893		2,758
Office Supplies		2,869		4,785
Training, Education, and Travel Costs		2,495		795
Depreciation/Amortization Expense		103,298		94,317
Net Operating Expenses		709,458		651,697
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(5,031)		28,041
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest on Investments		30		45
Gain from Sale of Golf Carts		7,073		7,028
Adjustments to Prior Years Expenses		317		438
Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt		(4,764)		(5,460)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		2,656		2,051
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS				
AND TRANSFÉRS		(2,375)		30,092
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				
Contributions from Private Parties		35,423		49,129
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		33,048		79,221
Net Position - Beginning of Year	,	1,402,200		1,322,979
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	1,435,248	\$	1,402,200

VILLAGE OF LUCK, WISCONSIN GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022		 2021	
Cash FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Employee Services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	849,858 (560,761) (321,548) (32,451)	\$ 781,123 (341,561) (271,714) 167,848	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Paid to General Fund to Reduce Advance from General Fund Cash Payments for Prior Year Expenses Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(4,000) 317 (3,683)	 (8,979) 438 (8,541)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Payments for Capital Assets Cash Received from Sale of Equipment/Property Capital Contributions by Private Parties Principal Paid on Leases Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees Paid Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(198,329) 7,273 35,423 (36,258) (4,764) (196,655)	(112,346) 7,028 49,129 (28,236) (5,680) (90,105)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments		30	45	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(232,759)	69,247	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		443,161	373,914	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	210,402	\$ 443,161	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(5,031)	\$ 28,041	
Depreciation/Amortization Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets:		103,298	94,317	
Inventories Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		(1,099)	215	
Accounts Payable Accrued Employee Benefits Unearned Revenues Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(29,858) 2,398 (102,159) (32,451)	\$ 38,498 3,766 3,011 167,848	

